











### ERASMUS+ Programme Key Action2: Strategic Partnerships "Circular Economy in Metal Industries VET" 2020-1-DE02-KA202-007578

# IO2 DEFINITION OF CIRCULAR ECONOMY COMPETENCES AT THE WORKPLACE

#### **SUMMARY**

















#### **INTRODUCTION**

Application of the principles of circular economy in the work processes and related re-design of work processes are important factors which define dvelopment of circular economy in the different sectors, especially in the industry.

The main goal of this document is to prepare a description of the competencies required to implement the principles of the circular economy.

#### Document was prepared by:

- Christine Schmidt, Vereinigung Für Betriebliche Bildungsforschung E.V. IBBF, DE
- Volha Zinouyeva, Vereinigung Für Betriebliche Bildungsforschung E.V. IBBF, DE
- Prof. PhD. Vidmantas Tūtlys, Vytautas Magnus University, LT
- Algimanta Ščiglinskienė, Alytus Business Advisory Center, LT
- Rolandas Urbanavičius, Alytus Business Advisory Center, LT
- Janusz Poulakowski, Centrum Promocji Innowacji I Rozwoju, PL
- Martyna Przedlacka, Centrum Promocji Innowacji I Rozwoju, PL
- Ilaria Massari, REI Reindustria Innovazione S.Cons.r.l., IT
- Rita Longari, REI Reindustria Innovazione S.Cons.r.l., IT
- Jose Ramón Natal, Metaindustry4 Cluster De Fabricacion Avanzada De La Industria Del Metal De Asturias, ES
- Silvia Jiménez García, Metaindustry4 Cluster De Fabricacion Avanzada De La Industria Del Metal De Asturias, ES

















## 1. COMPETENCE MATRIX OF THE SUSTAINABLE EXECUTION OF WORK PROCESSES IN THE FIELD OF /AND RELATED TO WELDING

This competence matrix is developed on the basis of the above provided findings of the work and learning station analysis of welding in the project partner countries. It describes the main competence areas and competence development steps related to sustainable, environment friendly and 'circular' execution of the work processes of welding. It can serve as a reference for development of the new and updating of the existing training modules in the initial and continuing VET. Each competence development step can be regarded as separate training module. Provided competence matrix "aggregates" the competence development steps of the whole technological and work processes of welding defined in the Figure 1. In order to identify the competence steps applicable for the different qualifications of the welding specialists, they are marked with the different colours of the matrix "boxes":

Skilled welders and welding operators (EQF levels 2-4)

Welding supervisors and technicians (EQF level 5)

Welding process engineers and product designers (EQF levels 6-7)

Competence areas	Competence development steps									
Following the design and maintenance of sustainable work process and products	To read the drawings understand the symbol technological inform to avoid mistakes an conformities.	ools and nation in order	requirem sustainab regimes welding	ents and possible practices of ole technological work (using of materials, applying regimes, preparation of o) with designers and s.	To apply the instructions a sustainble usage of materia welding practice.					
Sustainable and	To keep the	To execute perio	odic	To sort and dispose the	To execute and ensure	To execute the regular				

















circular preparation,	workplace tidy	control of the		waste at th	e workplace	the traceability of	the	control a	and maintenance
maintenance and	(e.g. putting scrap	aeration/ventillation		according	to defined waste	used materials in		of the welding equipment	
design of the		systems of the welding		management procedures and		ensuring economic usage		in seeking to verify its	
workplaces in	designated place).	areas by following		systems (ISO etc.), internal		oft he main materials		efficiency, to control the	
welding		internal regulation	s and	rules of waste management, (		(metal sheets) by moving		temperature cycles and	
		rules of the enterpr	rise,	environmental guides. t		the remaining materials		times.	
		using control sheet	ts of	To evaluate each waste		to the warehouse and			
		filtering systems.		produced a	t the workplace	using them in further			
				and its suit	ability for further	production.			
				use.					
Sustainable and	To execute quality	To follow		ply savy	To apply	To apply	To ensu	ire	To develop
circular execution	control of the	strictly quality	proced	dures of	technological	higher pace in	proper o		practical skills
of the technological	materials and	management	the pr	eparation	solutions of	executing	of clean		of welding by
operations in the	executed welds:	procedures,		materials	welding regimes	welding	surface		using simulator
field of welding.	visual control of the	requirements	for we	0	that allow for the	operation in	welding		before
	metal sheets and	of the WPS	-	tting to	reduction of	seeking to use	(remain	_	executing the
	workpieces before	and welding	save c		subsequent work	fewer	slags be		real operations,
	the welding in order	instructions.	surfac	e	expenditure on	materials and	pickling		practicing; to
	to spot and remove		treatm		cleaning the	save emissions	requires		use test
	dirt, slags, rust and		-	ions after	connection; while	` •	addition		equipment of
	other deficiencies			ng (metal	executing welds	highly	pickling		the alternative
	potentially having		and sa		to keep within the	experienced	operation		methods, e.g.
	harmful effect on		blastir	O, .	limits of thermal	welders, not	negative		safety-relevant
	quality and volume		follow		impact defined in	compromising	environ		bolting,
	of used materials; to			ological	the welding	the quality).	implica		tightening
	execute the self-		-	ements	procedure;		to follow		torques and
	inspection of weld by		_	uidelines	to execute welds		strictly		bolted
	using inspection		for se	ecting and	in applying savy		requirer	nents of	connections by

















gauges, as preve	ntion	fine-tuning of	regimes, such as	the need of the	hand.
of non-conformi	ties.	the composition	pulse regime	volume of paint	
		of welding	helping to control	and other	
		consumables:	the thermal input	surface surface	
		shielding gases,	and to regulate	treatment	
		welding wire,	the volume of	materials by	
		electrodes etc.;	energy, using of	referring to the	
		to execute the	synergetic	corrosiveness	
		preparation of	regimes of	of the	
		the surface and	welding which	environment of	
		edges of ther	help to control	product usage.	
		workpieces and	and optimise the		
		sheets before	energy		
		welding by	consumption; to		
		using cutters,	apply		
		grinding plates	submerged-arc		
		instead of	welding or		
		abrasive	combination of		
		materials (where	welding regimes		
		possible); to	with submerged		
		execute the edge	arc welding for		
		preparation in	the welding of		
		the ways which	high thickness		
		help to optimize	metal sheets, what		
		the volume and	permits to reduce		
		instesiveness of	the number of		
		the welding	welding passes; to		
		/joining and to	apply contact		

















		minimize the zones of welcarea.	<i>U</i> 1		
Sustainable and circular	To control issuing of the materials and welding	To ensure the proper division of tasks amongst	To define clear goals and clear work plan of	To organise the teamworking of	To establish and maintain tense
organization of	consumables for welders	the welders in the	welding process; to	welders with different	collaboration between
work in welding	by disciplining the	workplaces by referring	support transparent and	levels of qualifications,	production preparation
	welders and signalling /	to the fit of their	constant cooperation	including the	and programming units
	discussing of the cases of	qualifications to the	between welding	organisation of work of	in the field of
	excessive consumption of	quality requirements	engineers, technologists,	experience welders and	sustainable
	materials and	related to he complexity	experienced welders and	beginners operators; to	optimisation of the
	consumables of welding;	of welding processes	welding operators	execute the mentoring	welding processes.
	to organize proper quality	individual workplaces; to	regarding requirements	of welders by	
	control of the metal	ensure the right	and environmental	providing suggestions	







digitalization of the

the field of welding.

work processes in



greater use of the starting material and

nesting (the robots perform welds in a

choice of means and parameters of the

repeatable manner, which, with the right

reducing waste through optimized









	sheets, avoiding the practices of economising on the quality of the metals by using cheap and low quality materials (rusted, contaminated, low-quality), what requires additional preparations and involves additional emissions; to select and use less "contaminating" welding consumables, like, for example, solid welding wires which produce much less emissions that when using "powder" based welding wire.	following of the sequence of which operations destructions destructions the working of the holistic which their interdeption of the sequence of the holistic which is the sequence of the holistic which is the sequence of th	velding fined by the s; to plan all operations in ay by onsideration	preferences; to plan the work and control of work by methods and times to avoid unnecessary tasks.	on I sust eco word diff ope practice on the circ way between eng coll sug well imp	recommendations now to apply more tainable and nomic ways of rking in executing ferent welding rations; to exchange etical and oretical know-how the sustainable and rular approaches and rys of welding ween welders, ding operators and ineering staff; to ect and evaluate the gestions from the ders on the provement of	
	based welding wife.				imp		
Sustainable and circular	To use welding robots and CNC laser cutters (especially fiber type), allowing a			and mitigate the consumpti ials and energy in operating		To optimise accessibility and communication of the production d	ata





welding robots at the initial stages of their

implementation by seeking to deal with

possible increases in this consumption.



volume of emissions.

between the welding cobot, operator and

design specialist in seeking to reduce the

volume of welding seams and to reduce the













	technological process, leads to the					
	reduction of defects)					<u> </u>
Sustainable and	To apply know-	To select the most	To combine the	To design clear and	To evaluate the	To design the
circular design of	how of the welding	economic and	theoretical know-	transparent order in	possibilities for	customer-oriented
welding processes	quality	environmently	how and	the field of	applying alternative	and environmentally
and products	requirements for	friendly welding	engineering	collecting, sorting	procedures of	friendly welded
(welding	the different	processes, regimes	expertise with the	and processing of	welding; to consider	products, leading to
technicians,	constructions and	and procedures for	practical (tacit)	wastes and	and foresee partial	Co2 savings; to
engineers and	products when	the each case by	know-how of	prevention of	replacement welding	consider the
designers, EQF 5-7)	deciding about	taking into	welding processes	emissions of the	with other	increasing of
	sufficiency (not	consideration	possessed by	welding processes;	technological	repairability of
	excessive) of these	technological and	welders and	to develop the	processes having	products in the
	requirements for	product	welding operators,	transparent and	lower impact on	design process (USP
	welding process;	requirements (not	especially when	clear technical	environment (e.g.	special vehicle
	to evaluate	compromising	making decisions	documentation for	screwing and	construction, vertical
	possibilities to	quality but	about optimal	welding (drawings	riveting), where	range of
	optimise of yield	avoiding excessive	technological	and technical	possible.	manufacturing,
	strengths of the	welding regimes,	processes,	specifications)		applying lightweight
	steels in the	e.g. very often use	procedures, regimes	leaving a minimal		design and modular
	welding process;	of submerged arc	and design; to	room for		construction of
	to minimise the	welding for thick	engage in	interpretation of		products (vehicle
	volume of welded	sheets helps to	consultations with	data by the welder.		units).
	joints in the design	economise on the	welders when			
	of products, taking	preparatory edge	preparing technical			
	into consideration	cutting of sheets	documents and			
	the volume of	and to reduce	procedures,			
	waste and it's	emissions from	collecting of their			
	management	this process); to	feedback and			

















options resulting	control the	practical		
from the design; to	selection of	recommendations		
optimise the weld	welding regimes in	on the optimisation		
joint design.	order to avoid	of welding		
	applying excessive	processes		
	regimes in terms of			
	thermal impact.			

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